RUNNER'S DIARRHEA HOW TO PREVENT IT



RUNNING/ RACEWALKING



Bacterial translocation

Permeability

Intestinal barrier function loss

RUNNER'S DIARRHEA



RISK FACTORS

Heat, Long-duration or exercise, jostling of the digestive tract, non steroidal anti inflammatory (NSAID), Bicarbonate, Caffeine,

High fiber/fructose diets, Fermentable Oligo-, Di-, Mono-saccharides and Polyols (FODMAPs), race drinks with high CHO contents

SOLUTIONS

TRAINING THE STOMACH & GUT



Train with relatively large volumes of fluid



Training immediately after a meal



Training with relatively high CHO intake during exercise



Simulate the race nutrition plan

REMOVAL OF OFFENDING FOODS OR MEDICINES IN DIARRHEA-PRONE ATHLETES



